

### **Program Outline**



Black Belt Run Time (h:mm:ss)

Global Concepts		32:07:40
Training Orientation		1:29:43
Excel Orientation	Explore the Excel software package	0:29:01
Minitab Orientation	Explore the Minitab software package	0:31:42
Simulator Orientation	Explore the Process Simulator	0:29:00
Breakthrough Vision		8:34:32
Content Overview	Understand the nature, purpose, and drivers of Six Sigma	2:09:06
Driving Need	Identify the needs that underlie a Six Sigma initiative	1:20:46
Customer Focus	Explain why focusing on the customer is essential to business success	0:34:34
Core Beliefs	Contrast the core beliefs of Six Sigma to conventional practices	1:24:39
Deterministic Reasoning	Describe a basic cause-and-effect relationship in terms of Y=f(X)	0:52:57
Leverage Principle	Relate the principle of leverage to an improvement project	0:38:29
Tool Selection	Identify the primary family of analytical tools used in Six Sigma work	0:24:15
Performance Breakthrough	Explain how a benchmarking chart can be used to assess quality performance	1:09:46
Business Principles		5:17:31
Quality Definition	Articulate the idea of quality in terms of value entitlement	0:17:05
Value Proposition	Define the primary components of value and their key elements	0:20:13
Metrics Reporting	Recognize the need for installing and reporting performance metrics	1:07:59
BOPI Goals	Recognize the need for cascading performance metrics	0:12:00
Underpinning Economics	Describe the relationship between quality and cost	0:35:12
Third Generation	Differentiate between the first, second and third generations of Six Sigma	0:51:39
Success Factors	Identify the primary success factors related to a Six Sigma deployment	1:53:23
Process Management		9:36:08
Performance Yield	Explain why final yield is often higher than first-time yield	1:14:06
Hidden Processes	Describe the non-value added component of a process	0:40:57
Measurement Power	Describe the role of measurement in an improvement initiative	0:33:38
Establishing Baselines	Explain why performance baselines are essential to realizing improvement	0:45:52
Performance Benchmarks	Explain how a benchmarking chart can be used to assess quality performance	1:00:58
Defect Opportunity	Understand the nature of a defect opportunity and its role in metrics reporting	1:01:18
Process Models	Define the key features of a Six Sigma performance model	1:11:11
Process Capability	Identify the primary indices of process capability	1:21:53
Design Complexity	Describe the impact of complexity on product and service quality	1:17:32
Product Reliability	Explain how process capability can impact product reliability	0:28:43



Installation Guidelines		3:45:54
Deployment Planning	Understand the elements of Deployment Planning	0:44:14
Deployment Timeline	Understand the elements of Deployment Planning	0:23:24
CXO Role	Receive insight on how key decisions are addressed	0:02:30
Champion Role	Define the operational role of a Six Sigma Champion and highlight key attributes	0:09:50
Black Belt Role	Define the operational role of a Six Sigma Black Belt and highlight key attributes	0:53:38
Green Belt Role	Define the operational role of a Six Sigma Green Belt and highlight key attributes	0:19:35
White Belt Role	Define the operational role of a Six Sigma White Belt and highlight key attributes	0:28:23
Application Projects	Describe the purpose of Six Sigma Application Projects and how such projects are executed	0:08:34
DFSS Principles	See how product design can affect yield and performance	0:18:13
PFSS Principles	Have an understanding of the Process For Six Sigma Criteria	0:14:39
MFSS Principles	Understand how Managing For Six Sigma works	0:02:54
Application Projects		3:23:52
Project Description	Understand how to fully define a Six Sigma application project	0:22:13
Project Overview	Provide an overview of the key elements that characterizes an application project	0:17:48
Project Guidelines	Explain how to establish project selection guidelines	0:12:54
Project Scope	Explain how to properly scope an application project	0:08:42
Project Leadership	Recognize the actions that must occur to ensure successful project leadership	0:51:44
Project Teams	Form a project team that is capable of supporting Six Sigma applications	0:16:25
Project Financials	Understand the role of project financials in supporting deployment success	0:04:31
Project Management	Explain how application projects are best managed to achieve maximum results	0:04:32
Project Payback	Understand the driving need for establishing project paybacks	0:13:43
Project Milestones	Identify the primary milestones associated with a successful Six Sigma deployment	0:31:17
Project Charters	Understand the role of project charters and how they are used to guide implementation	0:20:03
General Practices		38:58:03
General Practices  Value Focus		38:58:03 1:44:01
	Define the idea of value and explain how it can be created	
Value Focus	Define the idea of value and explain how it can be created  Recognize the power of need fulfillment and how it links to value creation	1:44:01
Value Focus Value Creation		<b>1:44:01</b> 0:49:39
Value Focus  Value Creation  Recognize Needs	Recognize the power of need fulfillment and how it links to value creation	<b>1:44:01</b> 0:49:39 0:05:21
Value Focus  Value Creation  Recognize Needs  Define Opportunities	Recognize the power of need fulfillment and how it links to value creation  Understand how to define opportunities that lead to the creation of value	1:44:01 0:49:39 0:05:21 0:04:01
Value Focus  Value Creation  Recognize Needs  Define Opportunities  Measure Conditions	Recognize the power of need fulfillment and how it links to value creation  Understand how to define opportunities that lead to the creation of value  Identify and evaluate the conditions that underlies improvement opportunity	1:44:01 0:49:39 0:05:21 0:04:01 0:05:55
Value Focus  Value Creation  Recognize Needs  Define Opportunities  Measure Conditions  Analyze Forces	Recognize the power of need fulfillment and how it links to value creation  Understand how to define opportunities that lead to the creation of value  Identify and evaluate the conditions that underlies improvement opportunity  Explain how the underlying forces are identified and leveraged to create beneficial change	1:44:01 0:49:39 0:05:21 0:04:01 0:05:55 0:06:19
Value Focus  Value Creation  Recognize Needs  Define Opportunities  Measure Conditions  Analyze Forces  Improve Settings	Recognize the power of need fulfillment and how it links to value creation  Understand how to define opportunities that lead to the creation of value  Identify and evaluate the conditions that underlies improvement opportunity  Explain how the underlying forces are identified and leveraged to create beneficial change  Establish optimal settings for each of the key forces that underpins beneficial change	1:44:01 0:49:39 0:05:21 0:04:01 0:05:55 0:06:19 0:05:14
Value Focus  Value Creation  Recognize Needs  Define Opportunities  Measure Conditions  Analyze Forces  Improve Settings  Control Variations	Recognize the power of need fulfillment and how it links to value creation  Understand how to define opportunities that lead to the creation of value  Identify and evaluate the conditions that underlies improvement opportunity  Explain how the underlying forces are identified and leveraged to create beneficial change  Establish optimal settings for each of the key forces that underpins beneficial change  Discuss how unwanted variations can mask the pathway to breakthrough	1:44:01 0:49:39 0:05:21 0:04:01 0:05:55 0:06:19 0:05:14 0:06:24
Value Focus  Value Creation  Recognize Needs  Define Opportunities  Measure Conditions  Analyze Forces  Improve Settings  Control Variations  Standardize Factors	Recognize the power of need fulfillment and how it links to value creation  Understand how to define opportunities that lead to the creation of value  Identify and evaluate the conditions that underlies improvement opportunity  Explain how the underlying forces are identified and leveraged to create beneficial change  Establish optimal settings for each of the key forces that underpins beneficial change  Discuss how unwanted variations can mask the pathway to breakthrough  Understand the role and importance of standardized success factors	1:44:01 0:49:39 0:05:21 0:04:01 0:05:55 0:06:19 0:05:14 0:06:24 0:06:19
Value Focus  Value Creation  Recognize Needs  Define Opportunities  Measure Conditions  Analyze Forces  Improve Settings  Control Variations  Standardize Factors  Integrate Lessons	Recognize the power of need fulfillment and how it links to value creation  Understand how to define opportunities that lead to the creation of value  Identify and evaluate the conditions that underlies improvement opportunity  Explain how the underlying forces are identified and leveraged to create beneficial change  Establish optimal settings for each of the key forces that underpins beneficial change  Discuss how unwanted variations can mask the pathway to breakthrough  Understand the role and importance of standardized success factors  Explain how key lessons learned can be merged into a set of best practices	1:44:01 0:49:39 0:05:21 0:04:01 0:05:55 0:06:19 0:05:14 0:06:24 0:06:19 0:04:25
Value Focus  Value Creation  Recognize Needs  Define Opportunities  Measure Conditions  Analyze Forces  Improve Settings  Control Variations  Standardize Factors  Integrate Lessons  Application Example	Recognize the power of need fulfillment and how it links to value creation  Understand how to define opportunities that lead to the creation of value  Identify and evaluate the conditions that underlies improvement opportunity  Explain how the underlying forces are identified and leveraged to create beneficial change  Establish optimal settings for each of the key forces that underpins beneficial change  Discuss how unwanted variations can mask the pathway to breakthrough  Understand the role and importance of standardized success factors  Explain how key lessons learned can be merged into a set of best practices	1:44:01 0:49:39 0:05:21 0:04:01 0:05:55 0:06:19 0:05:14 0:06:24 0:06:19 0:04:25 0:10:24
Value Focus  Value Creation  Recognize Needs  Define Opportunities  Measure Conditions  Analyze Forces  Improve Settings  Control Variations  Standardize Factors  Integrate Lessons  Application Example	Recognize the power of need fulfillment and how it links to value creation  Understand how to define opportunities that lead to the creation of value  Identify and evaluate the conditions that underlies improvement opportunity  Explain how the underlying forces are identified and leveraged to create beneficial change  Establish optimal settings for each of the key forces that underpins beneficial change  Discuss how unwanted variations can mask the pathway to breakthrough  Understand the role and importance of standardized success factors  Explain how key lessons learned can be merged into a set of best practices  Understand how the breakthrough process can be applied to everyday life	1:44:01 0:49:39 0:05:21 0:04:01 0:05:55 0:06:19 0:05:14 0:06:24 0:06:19 0:04:25 0:10:24
Value Focus  Value Creation  Recognize Needs  Define Opportunities  Measure Conditions  Analyze Forces  Improve Settings  Control Variations  Standardize Factors  Integrate Lessons  Application Example  Lean Practices  Lean Thinking	Recognize the power of need fulfillment and how it links to value creation  Understand how to define opportunities that lead to the creation of value  Identify and evaluate the conditions that underlies improvement opportunity  Explain how the underlying forces are identified and leveraged to create beneficial change  Establish optimal settings for each of the key forces that underpins beneficial change  Discuss how unwanted variations can mask the pathway to breakthrough  Understand the role and importance of standardized success factors  Explain how key lessons learned can be merged into a set of best practices  Understand how the breakthrough process can be applied to everyday life  Comprehend the underlying logic of lean thinking	1:44:01 0:49:39 0:05:21 0:04:01 0:05:55 0:06:19 0:05:14 0:06:24 0:06:19 0:04:25 0:10:24  1:41:11 0:17:07
Value Focus  Value Creation  Recognize Needs  Define Opportunities  Measure Conditions  Analyze Forces  Improve Settings  Control Variations  Standardize Factors  Integrate Lessons  Application Example  Lean Practices  Lean Thinking  Constraint Theory	Recognize the power of need fulfillment and how it links to value creation  Understand how to define opportunities that lead to the creation of value  Identify and evaluate the conditions that underlies improvement opportunity  Explain how the underlying forces are identified and leveraged to create beneficial change  Establish optimal settings for each of the key forces that underpins beneficial change  Discuss how unwanted variations can mask the pathway to breakthrough  Understand the role and importance of standardized success factors  Explain how key lessons learned can be merged into a set of best practices  Understand how the breakthrough process can be applied to everyday life  Comprehend the underlying logic of lean thinking  Explain how constraint theory is related to value creation	1:44:01 0:49:39 0:05:21 0:04:01 0:05:55 0:06:19 0:05:14 0:06:24 0:06:19 0:04:25 0:10:24  1:41:11 0:17:07 0:17:11
Value Focus  Value Creation  Recognize Needs  Define Opportunities  Measure Conditions  Analyze Forces  Improve Settings  Control Variations  Standardize Factors  Integrate Lessons  Application Example  Lean Practices  Lean Thinking  Constraint Theory  Continuous Flow	Recognize the power of need fulfillment and how it links to value creation  Understand how to define opportunities that lead to the creation of value  Identify and evaluate the conditions that underlies improvement opportunity  Explain how the underlying forces are identified and leveraged to create beneficial change  Establish optimal settings for each of the key forces that underpins beneficial change  Discuss how unwanted variations can mask the pathway to breakthrough  Understand the role and importance of standardized success factors  Explain how key lessons learned can be merged into a set of best practices  Understand how the breakthrough process can be applied to everyday life  Comprehend the underlying logic of lean thinking  Explain how constraint theory is related to value creation  Describe the operational ideas that underpins continuous flow	1:44:01 0:49:39 0:05:21 0:04:01 0:05:55 0:06:19 0:05:14 0:06:24 0:06:19 0:04:25 0:10:24  1:41:11 0:17:07 0:17:11 0:03:25
Value Focus  Value Creation  Recognize Needs  Define Opportunities  Measure Conditions  Analyze Forces  Improve Settings  Control Variations  Standardize Factors  Integrate Lessons  Application Example  Lean Practices  Lean Thinking  Constraint Theory  Continuous Flow  Pull Systems	Recognize the power of need fulfillment and how it links to value creation  Understand how to define opportunities that lead to the creation of value Identify and evaluate the conditions that underlies improvement opportunity  Explain how the underlying forces are identified and leveraged to create beneficial change  Establish optimal settings for each of the key forces that underpins beneficial change  Discuss how unwanted variations can mask the pathway to breakthrough  Understand the role and importance of standardized success factors  Explain how key lessons learned can be merged into a set of best practices  Understand how the breakthrough process can be applied to everyday life  Comprehend the underlying logic of lean thinking  Explain how constraint theory is related to value creation  Describe the operational ideas that underpins continuous flow  Contrast the operation of a push system to that of a pull system	1:44:01 0:49:39 0:05:21 0:04:01 0:05:55 0:06:19 0:05:14 0:06:24 0:06:19 0:04:25 0:10:24  1:41:11 0:17:07 0:17:11 0:03:25 0:03:36
Value Focus  Value Creation  Recognize Needs  Define Opportunities  Measure Conditions  Analyze Forces  Improve Settings  Control Variations  Standardize Factors  Integrate Lessons  Application Example  Lean Practices  Lean Thinking  Constraint Theory  Continuous Flow  Pull Systems  Visual Factory	Recognize the power of need fulfillment and how it links to value creation  Understand how to define opportunities that lead to the creation of value  Identify and evaluate the conditions that underlies improvement opportunity  Explain how the underlying forces are identified and leveraged to create beneficial change  Establish optimal settings for each of the key forces that underpins beneficial change  Discuss how unwanted variations can mask the pathway to breakthrough  Understand the role and importance of standardized success factors  Explain how key lessons learned can be merged into a set of best practices  Understand how the breakthrough process can be applied to everyday life  Comprehend the underlying logic of lean thinking  Explain how constraint theory is related to value creation  Describe the operational ideas that underpins continuous flow  Contrast the operation of a push system to that of a pull system  Explain the role of a visual factory during improvement efforts	1:44:01 0:49:39 0:05:21 0:04:01 0:05:55 0:06:19 0:05:14 0:06:24 0:06:19 0:04:25 0:10:24  1:41:11 0:17:07 0:17:11 0:03:25 0:03:36 0:11:59
Value Focus  Value Creation  Recognize Needs  Define Opportunities  Measure Conditions  Analyze Forces  Improve Settings  Control Variations  Standardize Factors  Integrate Lessons  Application Example  Lean Practices  Lean Thinking  Constraint Theory  Continuous Flow  Pull Systems  Visual Factory  Kanban System	Recognize the power of need fulfillment and how it links to value creation  Understand how to define opportunities that lead to the creation of value  Identify and evaluate the conditions that underlies improvement opportunity  Explain how the underlying forces are identified and leveraged to create beneficial change  Establish optimal settings for each of the key forces that underpins beneficial change  Discuss how unwanted variations can mask the pathway to breakthrough  Understand the role and importance of standardized success factors  Explain how key lessons learned can be merged into a set of best practices  Understand how the breakthrough process can be applied to everyday life  Comprehend the underlying logic of lean thinking  Explain how constraint theory is related to value creation  Describe the operational ideas that underpins continuous flow  Contrast the operation of a push system to that of a pull system  Explain the role of a visual factory during improvement efforts  Describe how a Kanban system can improve process cycle-time	1:44:01 0:49:39 0:05:21 0:04:01 0:05:55 0:06:19 0:05:14 0:06:24 0:06:19 0:04:25 0:10:24  1:41:11 0:17:07 0:17:11 0:03:25 0:03:36 0:11:59 0:07:29

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# Leading Businesses to Higher Profits

7W Approach	Describe how the 7W approach can be used to solve problems	0:07:23
6M Approach	Explain how the 6M approach is used to identify sources of causation	0:07:30
Quality Tools		13:13:18
Variable Classifications	Define the various types of variables commonly encountered during quality improvement	0:08:32
Measurement Scales	Describe each of the four primary scales of measure and their relative power	0:50:01
Problem Definition	Characterize the nature of a sound problem statement	0:35:25
Focused Brainstorming	Explain how focused brainstorming is used to facilitate improvement efforts	0:11:57
Process Mapping	Understand how to define the flow of a process and map its operations	0:24:20
SIPOC Diagram	Describe the nature and purpose of an SIPOC diagram	0:08:26
Force-Field Analysis	Utilize force field analysis to solve problems	0:14:49
Matrix Analysis	Understand how matrices are created and used to facilitate problem solving	0:16:56
C&E Analysis	Explain how C&E matrices can be used to solve quality problems	0:06:02
Failure Mode Analysis	Understand how FMEA is used to realize process and design improvements	0:11:18
Performance Sampling	Explain how to design and implement a sampling plan	0:20:17
Check Sheets	Understand how check sheets can be used for purposes of data collection	0:12:59
Analytical Charts	Identify the general range of analytical charts that can be used to assess performance	0:20:02
Pareto Charts	Explain how Pareto charts can be used to isolate improvement leverage	0:24:25
Run Charts	Utilize run charts to assess and characterize time-based process data	0:10:59
Multi-Vari Charts	Define the major families of variation and how they can be graphed	0:49:29
Correlation Charts	Utilize a correlation chart to illustrate the association between two variables	1:01:24
Frequency Tables	Explain how to construct and interpret a frequency table	0:14:42
Performance Histograms	Construct and interpret a histogram and describe several purposes	1:14:40
Basic Probability	Understand basic probability theory and how it relates to process improvement	0:29:16
Pre-Control Charts	Describe the fundamental rules that guide the operation of a standard pre-control plan	0:41:25
Control Charts	Explain the purpose of statistical process control charts and the logic of their operation	1:41:11
Score Cards	Understand the purpose of Six Sigma score cards and how they are deployed	0:31:24
Search Patterns	Explain how the use of designed experiments can facilitate problem solving	0:32:13
Concept Integration	Understand how to sequence a given selection of quality tools to better solve problems	1:02:54
Quality Simulation	Employ the related quality tools to analyze data generated by the process simulator	0:18:12
Basic Statistics		9:05:33
Performance Variables	Identify and describe the types of variables typically encountered in field work	0:10:26
Statistical Notation	Recognize and interpret the conventional forms of statistical notation	0:44:53
Performance Variation	Explain the basic nature of variation and how it can adversely impact quality	0:22:24
Normal Distribution	Describe the features and properties that are characteristic of a normal distribution	0:49:36
Distribution Analysis	Explain how to test the assumption that a set of data is normally distributed	1:21:06
Location Indices	Identify, compute, and interpret the mean, median, and mode	0:42:05
Dispersion Indices	Identify, compute, and interpret the mean, median, and mode  Identify, compute, and interpret the range, variance, and standard deviation	1:16:37
Quadratic Deviations	Understand the nature of a quadratic deviation and its basic purpose	0:24:47
Variation Coefficient	Compute and interpret the coefficient of variation	0:07:17
Deviation Freedom	Explain the concept of degrees-of-freedom and how it is used in statistical work	0:29:47
Standard Transform	Describe how to transform a set of raw data into standard normal deviates	0:47:51
Standard Z-Probability	Describe how to convert a standard normal deviate into its corresponding probability	0:40:58
Central Limit	Understand that the distribution of sampling averages follows a normal distribution	0:17:29
Standard Error	Recognize that the dispersion of sampling averages is described by the standard error	0:13:32
Student's Distribution	Understand that the T distribution applies when sampling is less than infinite	0:06:07
Standard T-Probability	Describe how to convert a T value into its corresponding probability	0:15:26
Statistics Simulation	Employ basic statistics to analyze data generated by the process simulator	0:15:12
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Continuous Capability		8:32:11
Performance Specifications	Explain the basic nature and purpose of performance specification limits	0:14:39
Rational Subgrouping	Explain how to form rational subgroups and describe their purpose in Six Sigma work	1:19:00
Capability Study	Understand the concept of process capability and how it applies to products and services	1:32:55
Instantaneous Capability	Understand the concept of instantaneous capability in relation to Six Sigma work	0:47:58
Longitudinal Capability	Understand the concept of longitudinal capability in relation to Six Sigma work	0:47:30
Cp Index	Compute and interpret Cp	0:11:57
Cpk Index	Compute and interpret Cpk	0:19:53
Pp Index	Compute and interpret Pp	0:13:41
Ppk Index	Compute and interpret Ppk	0:24:10
Process Shifting	Understand the impact of process centering error on short-term capability	0:29:10
Process Qualification	Determine the required level of short-term capability necessary to qualify a process	1:39:20
ConcaP Simulation	Apply continuous indices of capability to the process simulator	0:31:58
Discrete Capability		4:41:49
Defect Metrics	Identify and describe the defect metrics commonly used in Six Sigma work	0:11:26
Defect Opportunities	Understand the nature and purpose of defect opportunities in terms of quality reporting	0:43:08
Binomial Distribution	Describe the features and properties that are characteristic of a binomial distribution	0:59:19
Poisson Distribution	Describe the features and properties that are characteristic of the Poisson distribution	0:39:31
Throughput Yield	Compute and interpret throughput yield in the context of Six Sigma work	0:08:53
Rolled Yield	Compute and interpret rolled-throughput yield in the context of Six Sigma work	0:20:42
Metrics Conversion	Convert yield and defect metrics to the sigma scale of measure	1:32:19
DiscaP Simulation	Apply discrete indices of capability to the process simulator	0:06:31
echnical Practices		48:37:44
Hypothesis Testing		6:05:49
Statistical Inferences	Explain the concept of a statistical inference and its primary benefits	0:23:00
Statistical Questions	Explain the nature and purpose of a statistical question	0:20:35
Statistical Problems	Understand why practical problems must be translated into statistical problems	0:10:43
Null Hypotheses	Define the nature and role of null hypotheses when making process improvements	0:31:29
Alternate Hypotheses	Define the nature and role of alternate hypotheses when making process improvements	0:18:03
Statistical Significance	Explain the concept of statistical significance versus practical significance	0:56:05
Alpha Risk	Explain the concept of alpha risk in terms of the alternate hypothesis	0:24:18
Beta Risk	Define the meaning of beta risk and how it relates to test sensitivity	0:38:41
Criterion Differences	Explain the role of a criterion difference when testing hypotheses	0:15:49
Decision Scenarios	Develop a scenario that exemplifies the use of hypothesis testing	0:17:09
Sample Size	Define the statistical elements that must be considered when computing sample size	1:49:57
Confidence Intervals		2:47:17
Mean Distribution	Comprehend and characterize the distribution of sampling averages	0:04:21
Mean Interval	Compute and interpret the confidence interval of a mean	0:54:29
Variance Distribution	Comprehend and characterize the distribution of sampling variances	0:21:10
Variance Interval	Compute and interpret the confidence interval of a variance	0:35:52
Proportion Distribution	Comprehend and characterize the distribution of sampling proportions	0:07:22
Proportion Interval	Compute and interpret the confidence interval of a proportion	0:27:02
Frequency Interval	Describe how frequency of defects is related to confidence intervals	0:17:01
Control Methods		4:23:52

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Control Logic	Explain the logic that underpins the application of a control chart	0:16:21
Control Limits	Reconcile the difference between specification limits and control limits	0:25:34
Chart Selection	Explain how to rationally select a control chart	0:08:07
Chart Interpretation	Interpret an SPC chart in terms of its control limits	0:30:30
Zone Testing	Explain the concept of zone tests and their application to SPC charts	0:43:18
Variables Chart	Characterize the role and purpose of a variables chart	0:08:38
Attribute Chart	Characterize the role and purpose of an attribute chart	0:04:37
Individuals Chart	Construct and interpret an individuals control chart	0:09:58
IMR Chart	Construct and interpret an individual moving range control chart	0:09:01
Xbar Chart	Construct and interpret a control chart for subgroup averages	0:06:33
Range Chart	Construct and interpret a control chart for subgroup ranges	0:10:27
Proportion Chart	Construct and interpret a control chart for sampling proportions	0:11:15
Defect Chart	Construct and interpret a control chart for defect occurrences	0:13:09
Other Charts	Describe several other types of control charts used in Six Sigma work	0:02:00
Capability Studies	Explain the role of capability studies when making process improvements	0:22:00
Control Simulation	Apply common SPC methods to the process simulator	0:10:47
Parametric Methods		8:19:55
Mean Differences	Determine if two means are statistically different from each other	1:37:53
Variance Differences	Determine if two variances are statistically different from each other	0:39:34
Variation Total	Compute and interpret the total sums-of-squares	0:16:36
Variation Within	Compute and interpret the within-group sums-of-squares	0:10:53
Variation Between	Compute and interpret the between-group sums-of-squares	0:11:47
Variation Analysis	Explain how the analysis of variances can reveal mean differences	0:32:21
One-Way ANOVA	Construct and interpret a one-way analysis-of-variance table	1:16:36
Two-Way ANOVA	Construct and interpret a two-way analysis-of-variance table	0:20:05
N-Way ANOVA	Construct and interpret an N-way analysis-of-variance table	0:12:49
ANOVA Graphs	Construct and interpret a main effects plot as well as an interaction plot	0:37:24
Linear Regression	Conduct a linear regression and construct an appropriate model	1:17:34
Multiple Regression	Conduct a multiple regression and construct an appropriate model	0:15:59
Residual Analysis	Compute and analyze the residuals resulting from a simple regression	0:18:46
Parametric Simulation	Apply general regression methods to the process simulator	0:31:38
Chi-Square Methods		3:18:48
Statistical Definition	Describe how to translate a practical problem into a statistical problem	0:31:53
Model Fitting	Explain what is meant by the term "Model Fitting" and discuss its practical role in Six Sigma work	0:58:32
Testing Independence	Explain how a test of independence can be related to the idea of correlation	1:01:00
Contingency Coefficients	Understand how a contingency coefficient relates to a cross-tabulation table	0:12:53
Yates Correction	Describe the role of Yates correction in terms of the chi-square statistic	0:07:17
Testing Proportions	Test the significance of two proportions using the Chi-square statistic	0:27:13
Company Mathada		0.44.50
Survey Methods		2:41:53
Research Design	Explain how the idea of research design fit with the idea of problem Solving	0:12:54 0:09:34
Information Sources	Explain how the idea of research design fit with the idea of problem Solving	
Questionnaire Construction	Describe the role of survey demographics when analyzing closed-form survey data	0:19:24
Formulating Questions	Identify several things that should be avoided when developing survey questions	0:15:22
Question Quality	Explain what is meant by the term "question quality" and how this idea relates to data analysis	0:07:06
Sampling Plans	Describe several different types of sampling plans commonly used in survey research	0:07:14
Data Analysis	Explain how categorical survey data can be analyzed to establish strength of association	1:30:19



Nonparametric Methods		1:19:47
Nonparametric Concepts	Explain the difference between parametric and nonparametric methods	0:06:59
Median Test	Execute a median test on two groups and then determine if the difference is statistically significant	0:48:55
Runs Test	Conduct a runs test to determine if a time series pattern is random	0:08:07
Other Tests	Identify two nonparametric methods other than a median or runs test	0:15:46
Experimental Methods		10:29:49
Design Principles	Understand the principles of experiment design and analysis	0:43:05
Design Models	Describe the various types of designed experiments and their applications	0:13:18
Experimental Strategies	Outline a strategy for designing and analyzing a statistical experiment	0:21:14
Experimental Effects	Define the various types of experimental effects and how they impact decisions	0:24:26
One-Factor Two Level	Configure and analyze a one-factor two-level statistically based experiment	0:38:3
One-Factor Multi Level	Configure and analyze a one-factor multi-level statistically based experiment	0:11:09
Full Factorials	Understand the nature and underlying logic of full factorial experiments	0:19:46
Two-Factor Two Levels	Configure and analyze a two-factor two-level statistically based experiment	2:13:26
Two-Factor Multi Level	Configure and analyze a two-factor multi-level statistically based experiment	0:04:29
Three-Factor Two Level	Configure and analyze a three-factor two-level statistically based experiment	0:51:20
Planning Experiments	Understand the planning and implementation considerations related to statistical experiments	0:29:17
Fractional Factorials	Understand the nature and underlying logic of fractional factorial experiments	1:16:46
Four-Factor Half-Fraction	Configure and analyze a four-factor half-fraction statistically based experiment	0:15:4
Five-Factor Half-Fraction	Configure and analyze a five-factor half-fraction statistically based experiment	0:30:2
Screening Designs	Understand how to select, implement, and analyze a screening experiment	0:16:2
Robust Designs	Explain the purpose of robust design and define several practical usages	1:12:3
Experiment Simulation	Describe how a DOE can be employed when measurement data is not available	0:27:4
DFSS Methods		3:59:09
QFD Method	Explain how quality function deployment can be used to help identify design specifications	0:06:09
Capability Flow-Down	Describe how a capability flow-down can be used as a risk allocation and abatement tool	0:36:23
Capability Flow-Up	Describe how a capability flow-up can be used to analyze the reproducibility of a design	0:25:30
Tolerance Analysis	Demonstrate how the RSS method can be used to analyze assembly tolerances	1:51:5
Monte-Carlo Simulation	Explain how Monte-Carlo simulation can be used during the process of design	0:59:1
Measurement Analysis		1:15:4
Measurement Uncertainty	Understand the concept of measurement uncertainty	0:15:4
Measurement Components	Describe the components of measurement error and their consequential impact	0:15:4
Measurement Studies	Explain how a measurement systems analysis is designed and conducted	0:44:1
raining Project		3:55:4 <sup>-</sup>
Project Introduction	Understand the steps to deploy a Training Project	0:06:4
Recognize Phase	Understand the tools used during the Recognize Phase	0:20:3
Define Phase	Execute the steps needed during the Define Phase	0:11:2
Measure Phase	Understand the tools needed during the Measure Phase	0:36:2
Analyze Phase	Become familiar with the tools used during the Analyze Phase	0:39:5
•	Become familiar with the tools used during the Analyze Phase  Become familiar with the tools needed for improvement	1:13:2
Improve Phase	·	0:17:10
Control Phase	Recognize the usage of tools needed for Process Control	0:17:10
Survey Analysis	Execute the techniques to analyze Survey data	0:10:4
Risk Analysis	Understand the tools needed for a Risk Analysis	0.10.4

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